

# Geothermal Fleet Optimization: Data-Driven Models for improved Performance and Flexibility



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## Thought Leadership

Systematically and imaginatively looking ahead to identify issues, technology gaps, and broader needs



## Independent

Objective, scientific research leading to progress in reliability, affordability, health, safety, and the environment



## Scientific and Industry Expertise

Provide expertise in technical disciplines that bring answers and solutions to make, move, and use energy



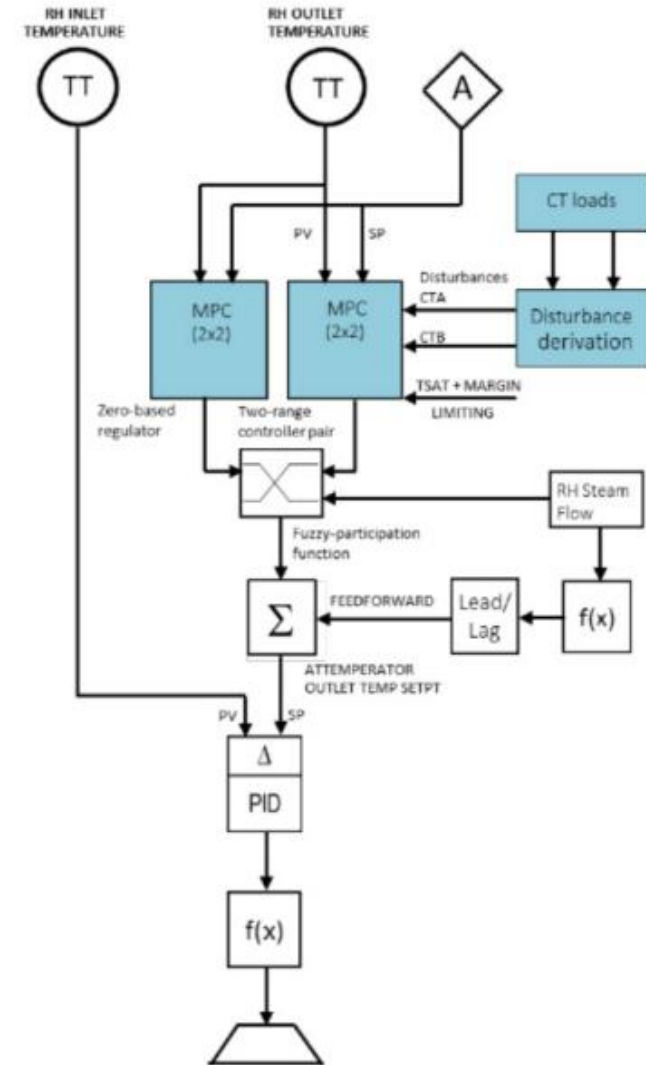
## Collaborative Value

Bring together our members and diverse scientific and technical sectors to shape and drive research and development

**Together...Shaping the Future of Energy®**

# Motivation

- Traditional hydrothermal plants were designed for baseload operation.
- Flexible geothermal can complement intermittent renewables, reducing curtailment & improving reliability
- However, it requires advanced reservoir modeling & control systems.

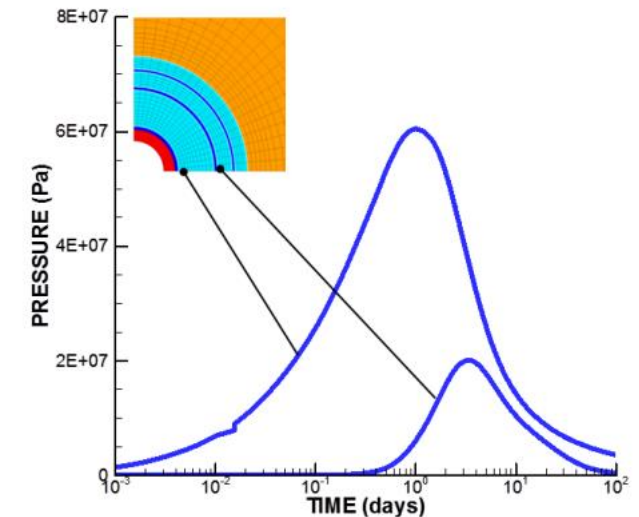
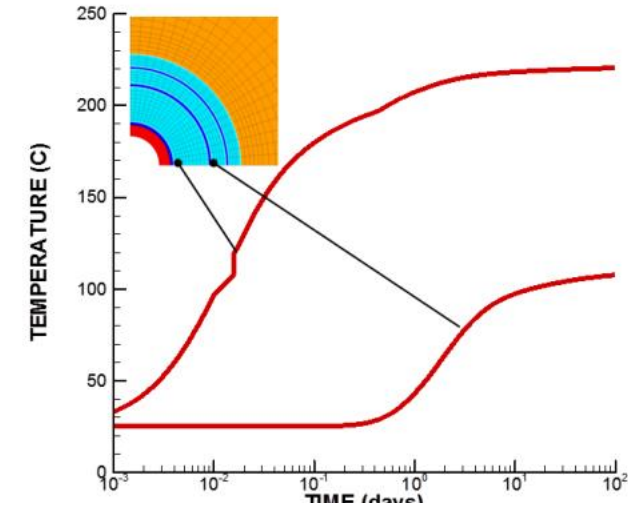


**Modern control systems & reservoir management techniques enable variable modes**



# Flexible-mode Operation Resource Challenges

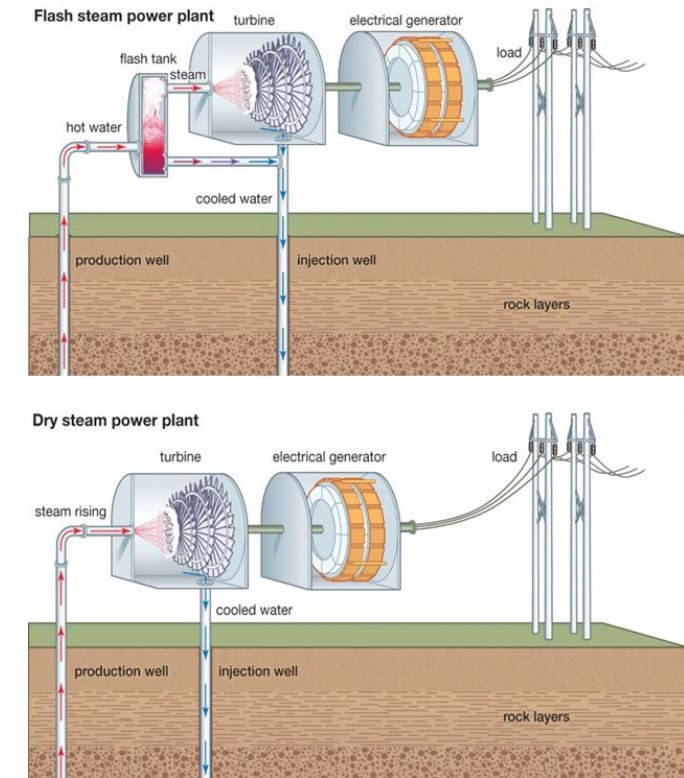
- Complex mechanical & chemical stress changes requiring optimized design & operational strategies to minimize risks and costs
- Flexible-Mode Operation
  - Thermal stress on wellbore: daily cycling causes expansion/shrinkage of casing & cement, leading to fatigue & potential failure
  - Scaling & corrosion: pressure & temperature fluctuations exacerbate mineral precipitation (carbonates, sulfides, silica) & corrosion
  - Reservoir impacts: cold-water injection creates large  $\Delta T$ , affecting fracture-matrix heat exchange and long-term thermal stability.



Rutqvist et al., 2021

# Geothermal Power Plant Main Challenges

- $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  content detrimental for steam turbine and corrosion
  - Fully open operation of critical valves/actuators
- Traditionally minimal load following capability
  - Similarity with other assets years ago: Boiler, CCGT, Power-to-gas-to-Power, etc.



**Control Strategies can help enable load following operation  
(minimizing abrupt changes in wellbores & reservoir)**

# How did control enable load following in traditional assets?



- **Optimize Performance**

- Ensures optimal performance and reliability of critical manipulated and process variables

- **Automation**

- Supports Flexibility
- Mature systems adapt to changing operational demands and regulatory requirements

- **Enhances Operational Efficiency**

- Mature C&I systems improve process control and reduce downtime

- **Reduces Risk**

- Advanced C&I systems mitigate operational risks and enhance safety

# Advanced Control Evaluation and Plant Implementation



## Project Objectives

- Evaluate Control Strategies and their effect on Flexible operations
- Demonstrate Improved Plant Flexibility through Improved Controls



## Project Value

- Reduced O&M
  - Reduced Thermal Stress
  - Reduced Actuator Activity
  - Reduced Saturation Events
- Improved Performance
  - Faster Ramping
  - Improved Start-up Performance
  - Increased Steam cycle Efficiency



## Reporting and Technology Transfer



“

*This project established a clear roadmap for implementing advanced steam temperature control strategies to improve generation flexibility and asset health of combined-cycle units across the power industry.*

- Southern Company

”

- Success Story: Advanced Control Demonstration ([3002017735](#))

# How can control enable load following in Geothermal?

## ■ Advanced Control

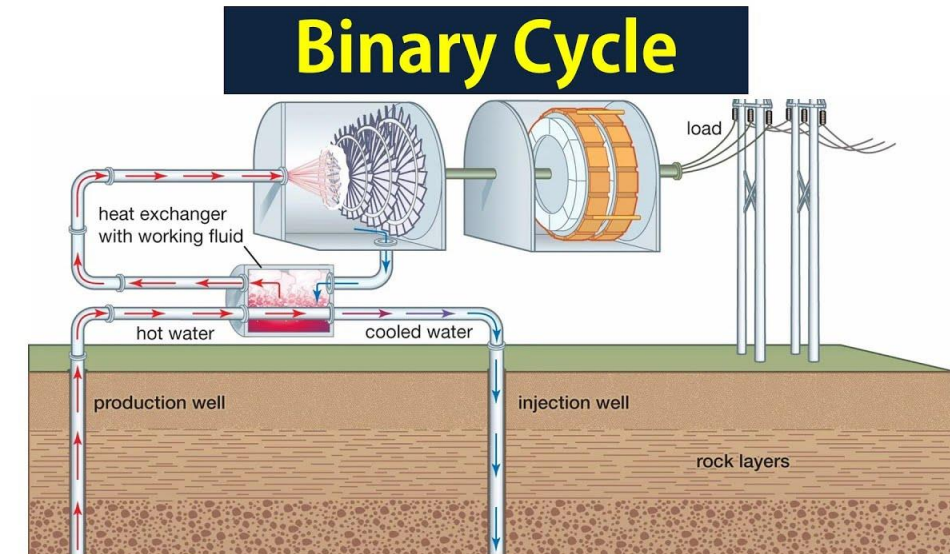
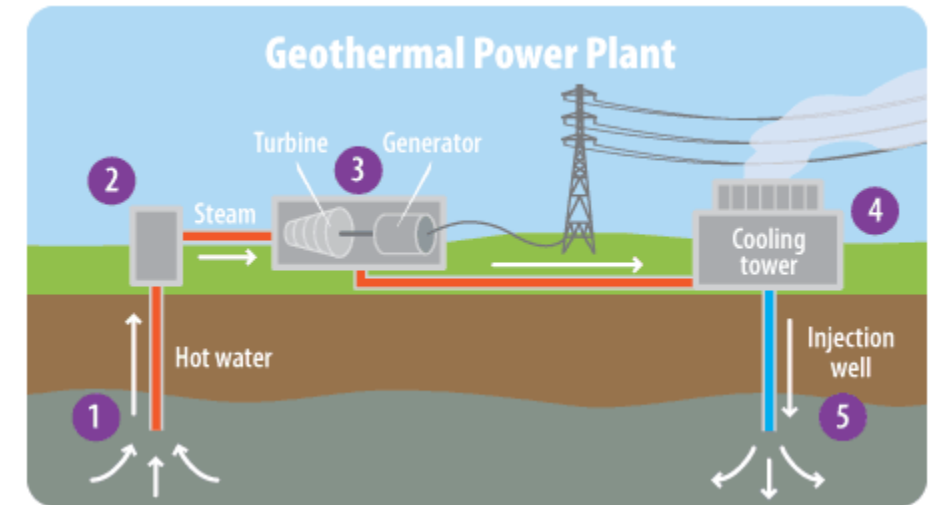
- Predict changes in load and steam production
- Optimize steam flow adjusting valve, flow to ejectors, bypass valves, etc.

## ■ Optimizing Auxiliary Systems

- Cooling water pumps and gas ejectors can be adjusted based on plant load, rather than running constantly at full capacity
- Wellhead flow control valves can maintain stable pressure for the plant's separator

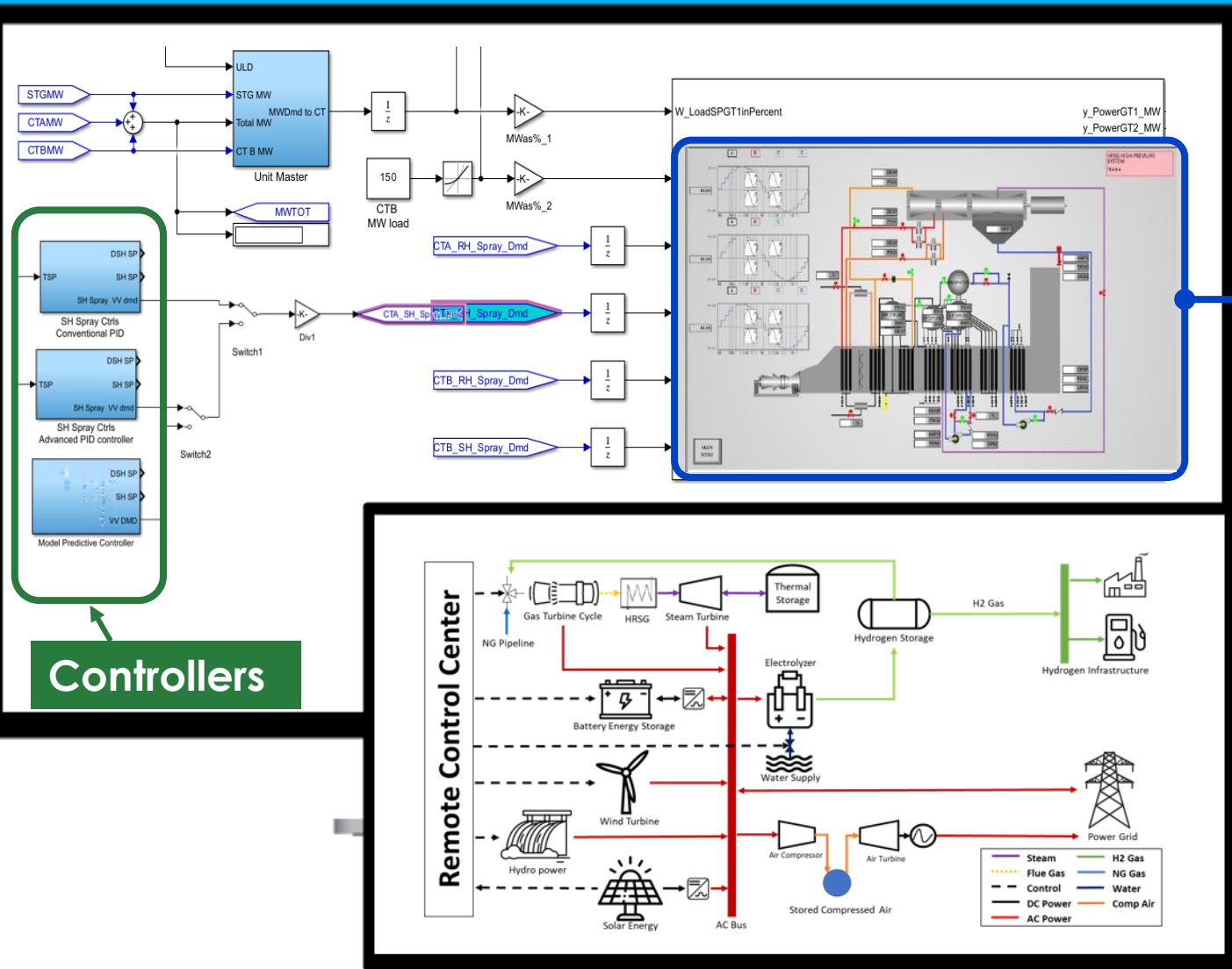
## ■ Major Benefits

- Smooth load ramp up and down to match grid demand while maintaining stability
- Reduces plant own energy consumption

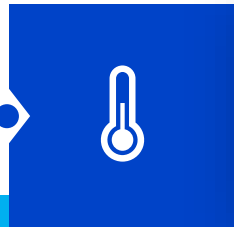




# Research Opportunities

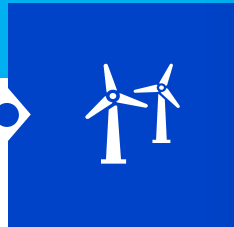


Controllers



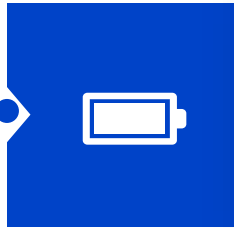
## Thermal

- Traditional Thermal
- Combined Cycle



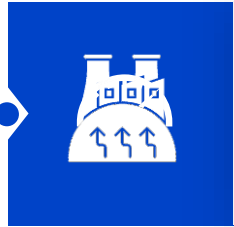
## Renewable

- Wind, Solar, Hydro



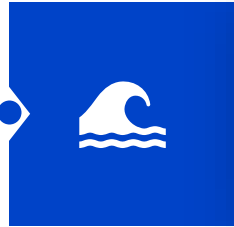
## Hybrid

- Battery and Thermal Storage
- H<sub>2</sub> Gen and Storage



## Geothermal

- Controls steam flow, pumps, ejectors
- Geothermal + Solar
- Geothermal + Long duration energy storage



## Water Treatment

- Flexibility
- CCGT
- Geo-thermal water and steam treatment

# Research Opportunities - Innovative Cycle Configurations

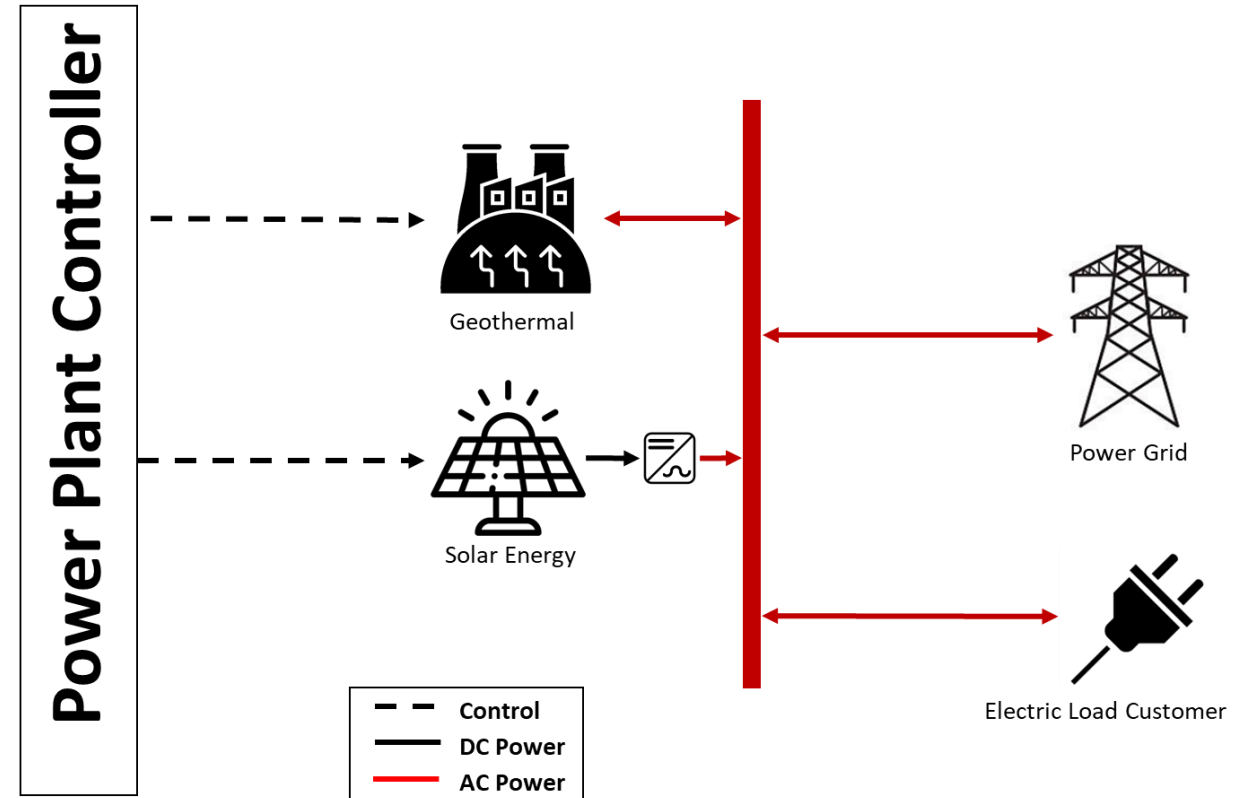
## Key Benefits

### Efficiency and Reliability

- Solar panels perform best during warmer and sunny months
- Geothermal most efficient during colder months
- Daily variation (need smooth ramping to minimize well damage)

### Environmental sustainability

- Complimentary operation with other assets
- CO<sub>2</sub> reduction



# Research Opportunities - Innovative Cycle Configurations

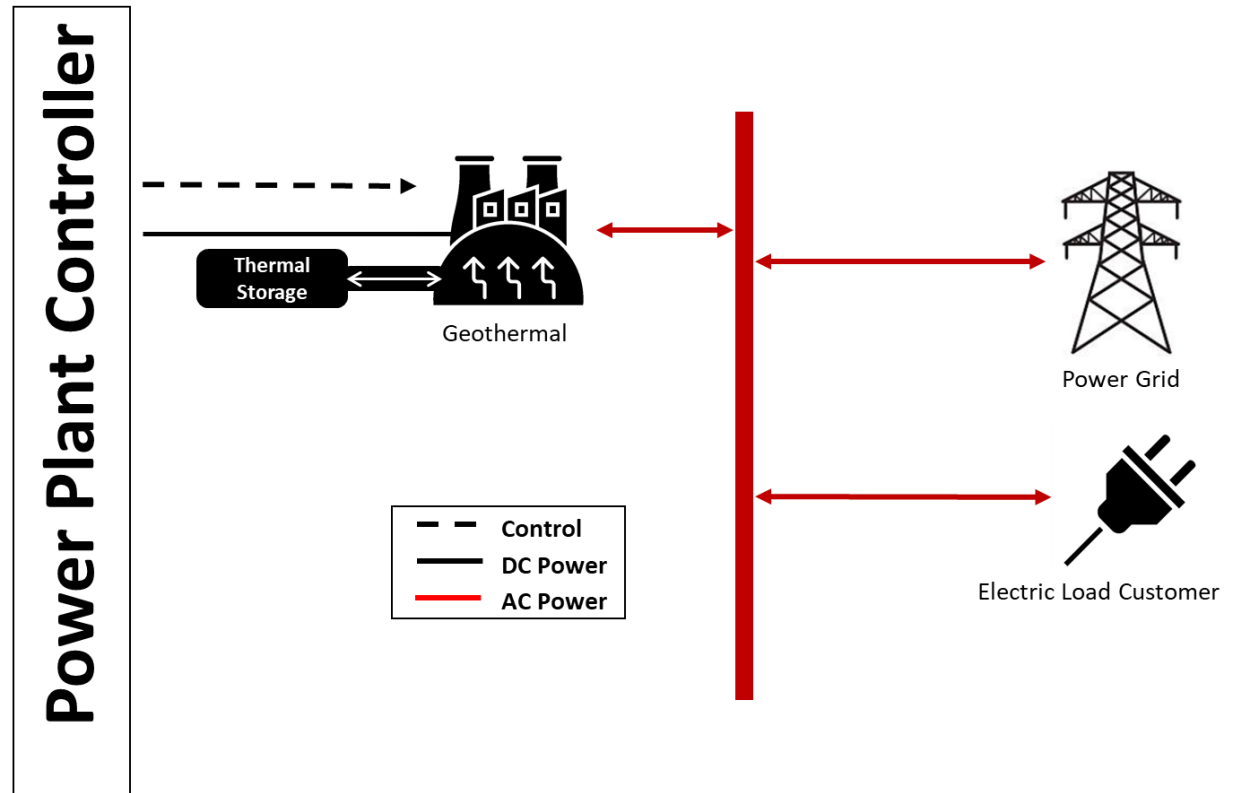
## Key Benefits

### Efficiency and Reliability

- Heat storage and reuse when needed to generate steam and power
- Geothermal is available 24/7 but heat can be stored for peaking demand to accelerate picking power generation
- Geothermal most efficient during colder months but heat can be stored to be reused in other seasons

### Environmental sustainability

- Complimentary operation with other assets
- CO<sub>2</sub> reduction



# Summary

- In the changing energy landscape, digital transformation provides an enabling technology for improving the flexibility, performance & efficiency of essential grid-supporting generation assets
- Part of that transformation involves moving up the controls/automation maturity curve to ensure reliable, predictable and economic operation
- EPRI's research provides operational analysis, control design and implementation guidance, based on case study examples, member engagement and training to support industry's progression along the maturity pathway



# Questions?

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