

Geothermal Energy Machinery & Systems

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This is Atlas Copco Group

55 000

employees in

73

countries

Established in
1873

Stockholm, Sweden

180

countries

A decentralized Group with
24 divisions across **4** business areas



Organization

Board of Directors

President and CEO

Group Management

Compressor Technique

- Compressor Technique Service
- Industrial Air
- Oil-free Air
- Air and Gas Applications
- Medical Gas Solutions
- **Gas and Process**
- Airtec

Vacuum Technique

- Vacuum Technique Service
- Semiconductor Service
- Semiconductor
- Semiconductor Chamber Solutions
- Scientific Vacuum
- Industrial Vacuum

Industrial Technique

- Industrial Technique Service
- Motor Vehicle Industry Tools and Assembly Systems
- General Industry Tools and Assembly Systems
- Chicago Pneumatic Tools
- Industrial Assembly Solutions
- Machine Vision Solutions

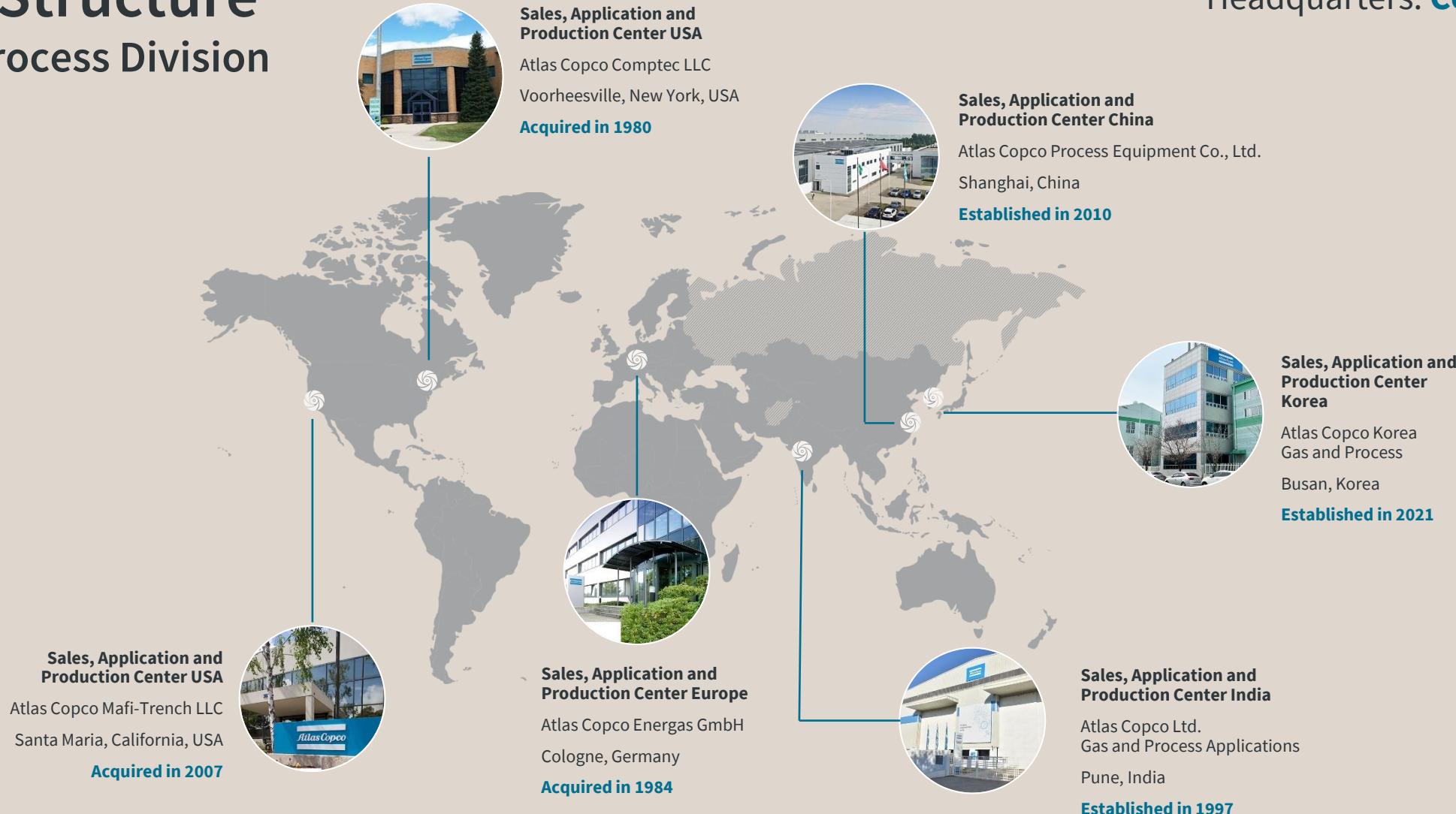
Power Technique

- Power Technique Service
- Specialty Rental
- Portable Air
- Portable Power and Flow
- Industrial Flow

Global Structure

Gas and Process Division

Headquarters: **Cologne**

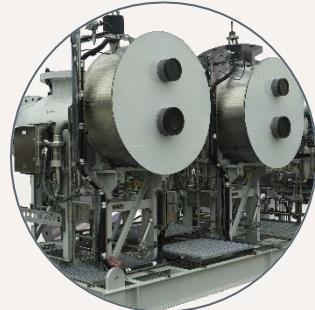


Solutions for protecting global climate and human health

Technologies are required to support **New, Emerging and Sustainable Energy Sources**

Increased amount of **CO₂ & sCO₂, H₂, Renewable and Energy Storage related projects**

Expanders / Compressors in
H₂ Liquefaction and BOG



Expanders / Compressors
in CCUS and sCO₂



Steam Compressors
/ MVR & Heat Pumps



Expanders / Compressors in
ORC / WH2P / LDES



Atlas Copco Expanders in ORC

Decades of Experience in Binary ORC Plants



Single-stage Expander EG10
10MW, i-Butane, USA, 1982



Single-stage Expander EGI8
15MW, i-Butane, USA, 2007



Two-stage Expander EEGI4/6
7.3MW, Butane, Canada, 2013



Twin Expander EEGI8
27MW, Butane, Turkey, 2018

Demand for Larger Plants

ORC projects trending upward in size

“Think bigger than the 10-50MWs we’re seeing!”



Lucia Tian, Head of Advanced Energy Technologies,
GRC, 2025

***“100 MWe maximize(s) benefits in balance with
diminishing returns to scale.”***



Enhanced Geothermal Shot Analysis for the Geothermal
Technologies Office, 2023

***“At 500 MW, Cape Station is ushering in a new era for
enhanced geothermal energy.”***

Capestation.com



Large Plants, Large Machines

A clear shift in the energy transition

- CCUS
- Heat Pumps
- Energy Storage



Atlas Copco GAP US Investments

For larger machinery, delivered locally



Santa Maria, California

- › Atlas Copco Mafi-Trench
- › 48,000-square-foot lease expansion
- › Lease start 2025

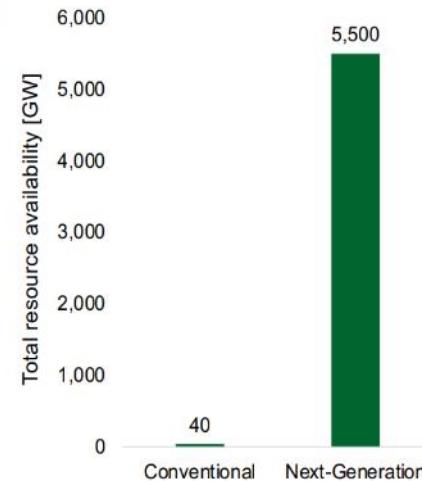
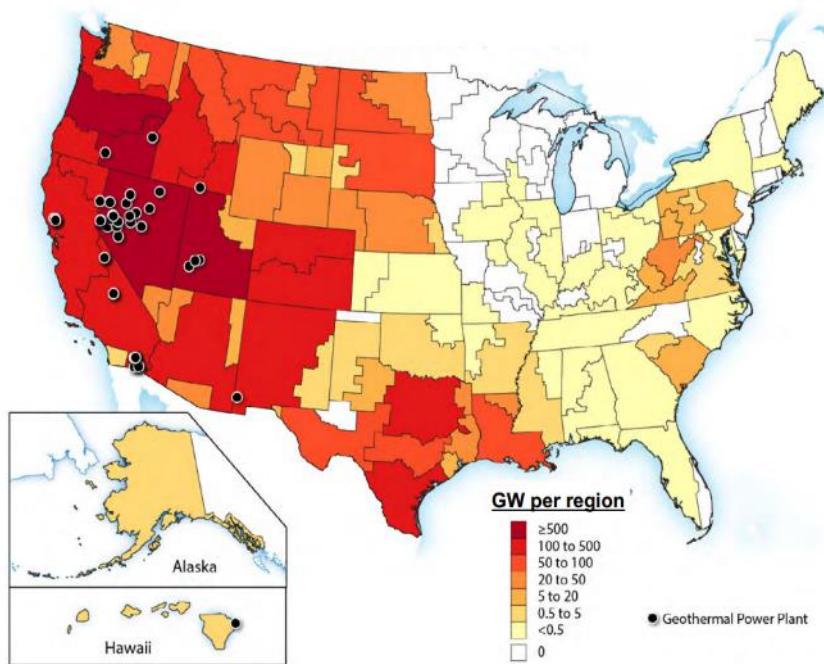


Albany, New York

- › Atlas Copco Comptec
- › 63,000-square-foot new build expansion
- › Construction completion 2026

Next Gen Geothermal

Moving toward higher power and higher temperature



Source: *Pathways to Commercial Liftoff: Next-Generation Geothermal Power*, DOE, March 2024

- **Next-generation geothermal** unlocks resources in common environments, increasing accessibility and commercial potential
- Traditional ORCs ran at **120 to 180 C** and delivered up to roughly **20 MWe per module**
- Next gen geothermal targets **150 C and above** and scales to **100 plus MWe plants**

High Power and High Temperature

Fluid choice impact on machinery size

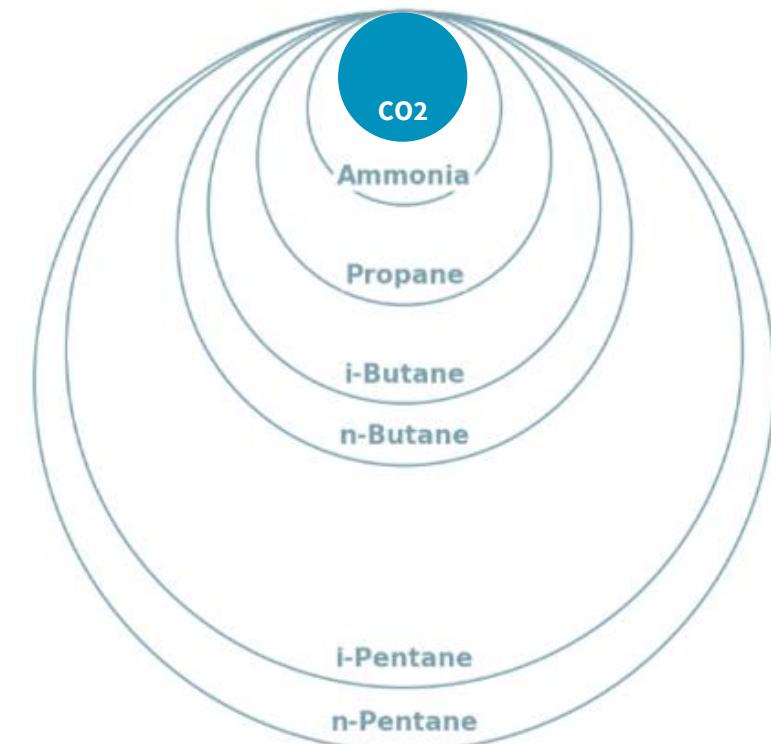
- › Machinery size increases directly with power
- › Fluid choice creates step changes in size due to discharge volume

- ↑ Enthalpy → More stages
- ↑ Tcrit → Larger exit area for similar fluids

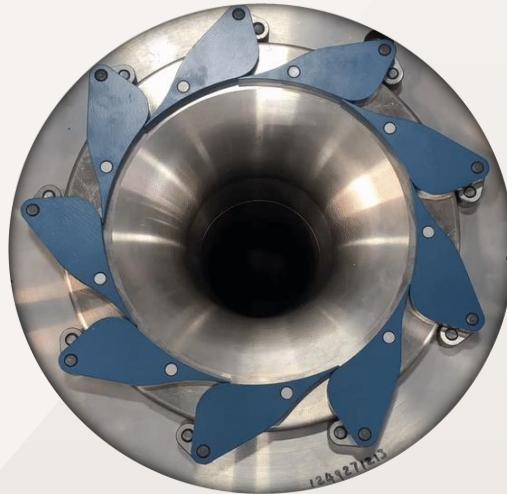
DiPippo Study: 130 C turbine inlet, 50 C condensing

Fluid	Formula	Molar mass	Tcrit (°C)	Psat @ 40 °C (bara)	Relative exit area
Ammonia	NH ₃	17.0	132	15.6	1.0
Propane	C ₃ H ₈	44.1	96.7	13.7	2.3
i-Butane	i-C ₄ H ₁₀	58.1	135	5.31	4.1
n-Butane	C ₄ H ₁₀	58.1	152	3.88	5.5
i-Pentane	i-C ₅ H ₁₂	72.2	187	1.56	12.2
n-Pentane	C ₅ H ₁₂	72.2	197	1.16	14.6

Geothermal Power Plants: Principles, Applications, Case Studies and Environmental Impact, 3rd ed., pp. 333-336.

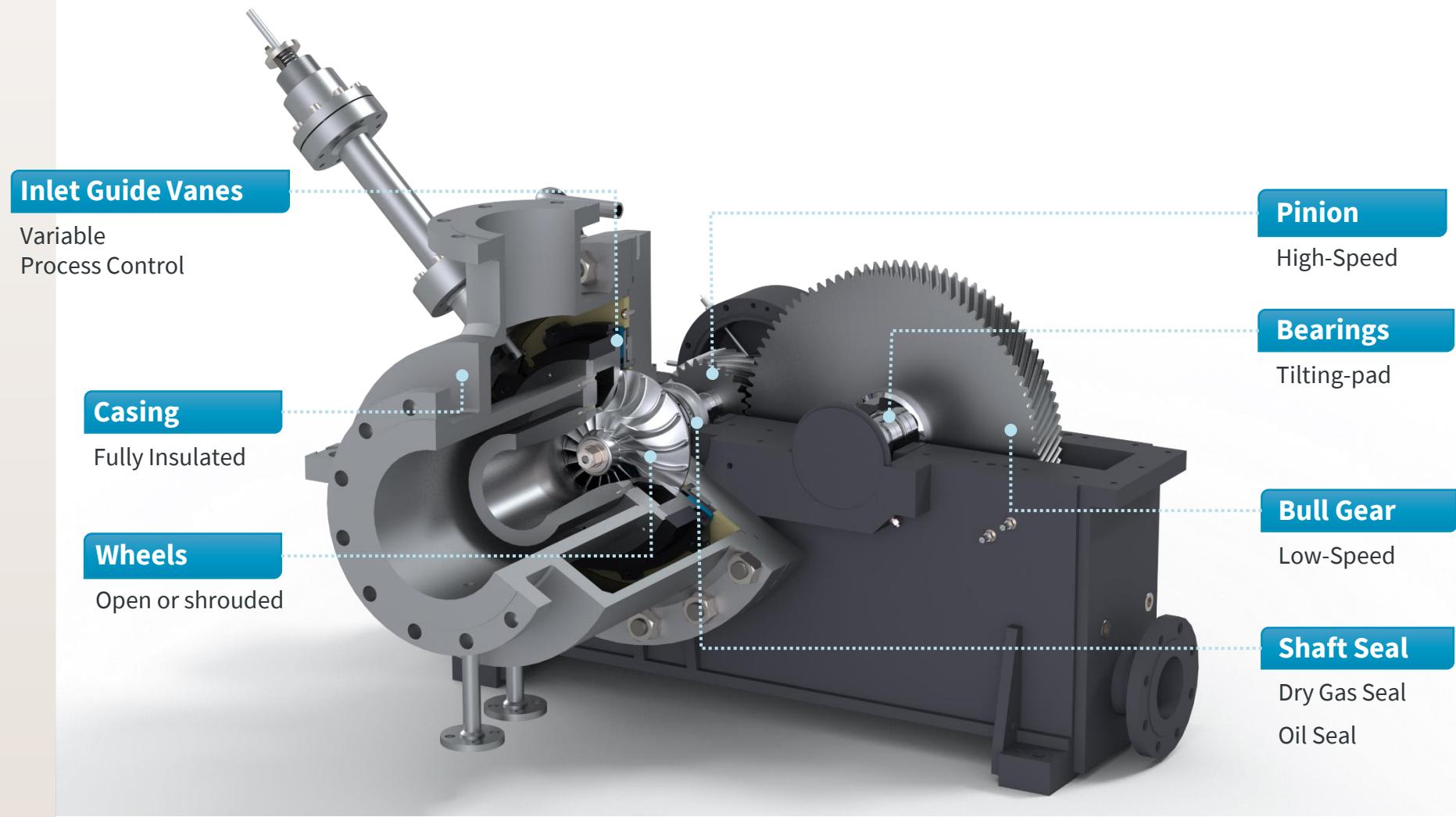


Integrally Geared Radial Inflow Expander



Variable IGV Benefits

- Island Mode
- Dispatchable power
- Depleting resource temperature
- Variable rejection temperature

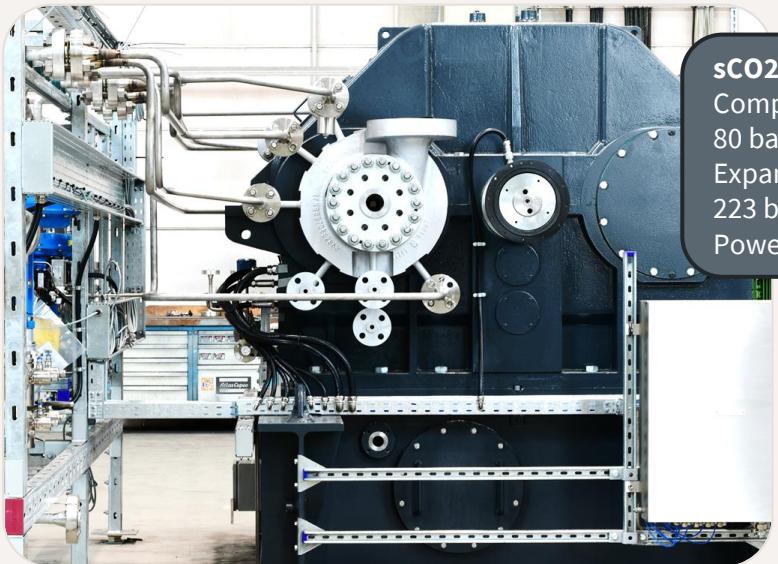


Radial Inflow Pathways at High Power and Temperature

Two scaling options when reaching the limits

Change working fluid

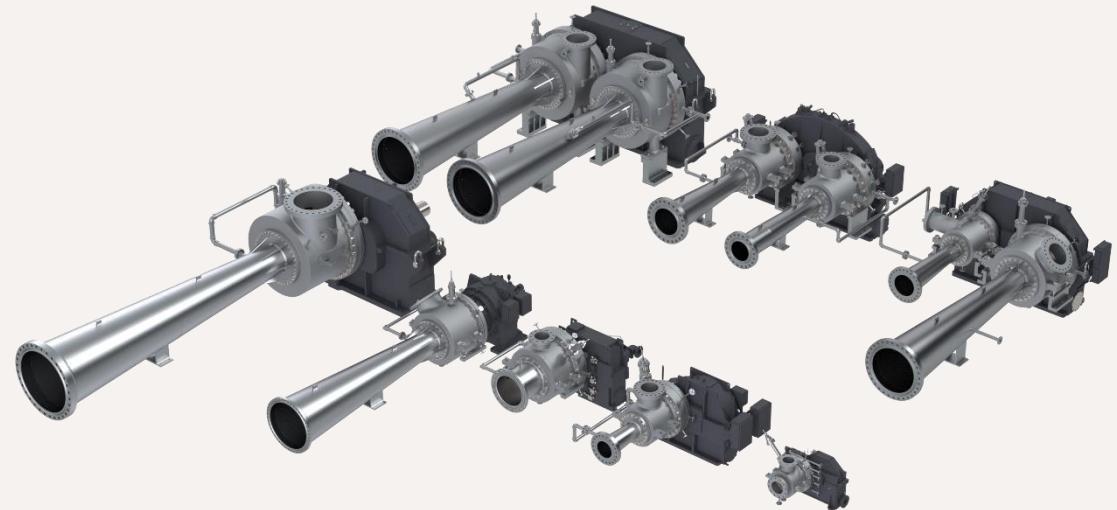
- Consider transcritical or supercritical cycles for greater power density



sCO₂ Compander
Compressor Inlet:
80 bar, 28 C
Expander Inlet:
223 bar, 275 C
Power: 2MWnet

Add Machines

- Series stages driven by enthalpy / Mach no.
- Parallel units driven by volumetric flow

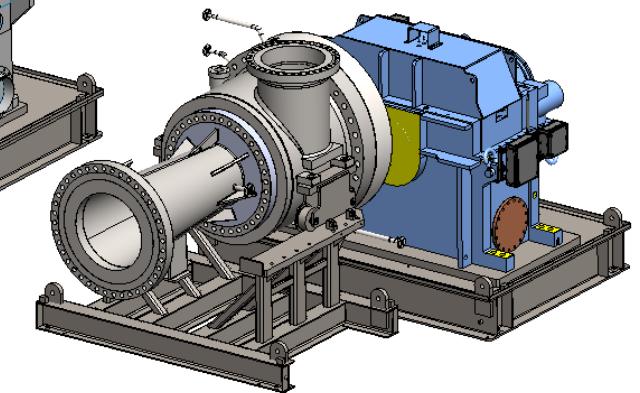
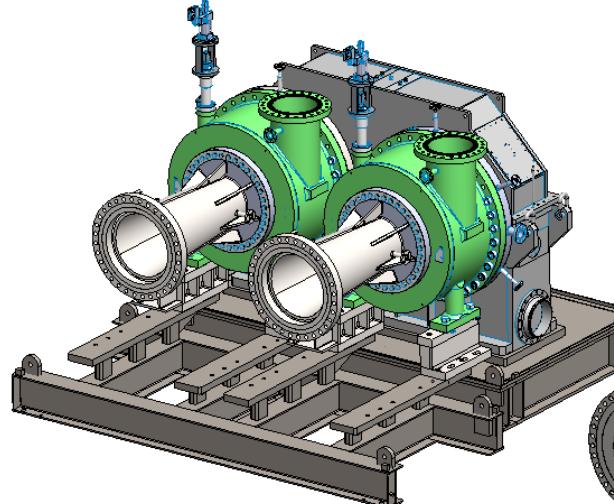


Ongoing Improvements

Advancing options for next gen duty

Higher Mach Numbers

- › Mach 1.5+ proven in full-scale field testing (2024)

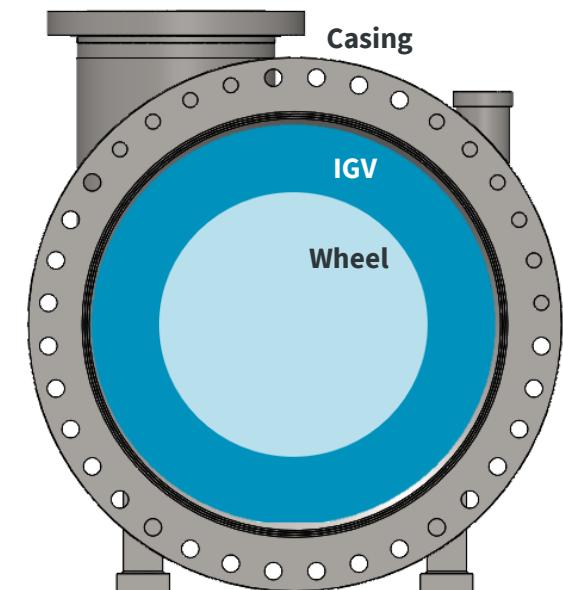
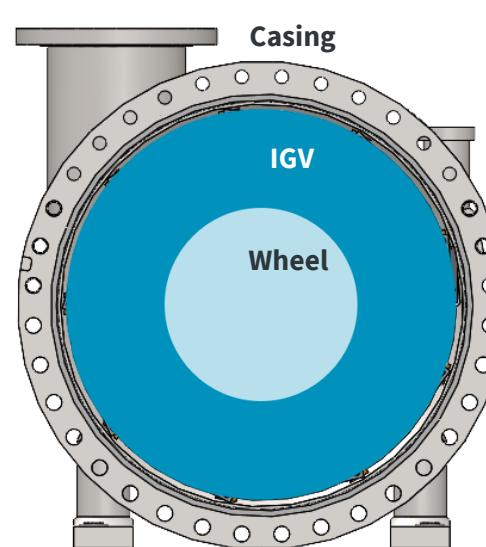


Higher Flows

- › Upsized flow capacity within existing housing footprint
- › Eliminates parallel units for equivalent flow
- › New size enables single-pinion ratings up to 40MW

Even Higher Flows

- › Assessing axial and hybrid axial arrangements



Key Takeaways



- ORC projects are trending toward higher power and higher temperature
- Fluid choice and flow capacity guide the machinery needed for each project
- Radial inflow is moving into higher capacities, with axial stages offering potential to extend flow
- **Work with machinery partners early to shape the expander solutions your projects need**



Thank you!



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